

Dynamic resource allocation and accounting in a digital marketplace

Need statement

Overall demand for computing resources unmet due to explosion of AI/ML, Big Data, and research computing.





Commercial cloud is a large expense for enterprises, unaffordable for smaller researchers, and significant constraint on the pace of innovation.

Issues in cross-border provision of computing resources.

EOCS-DIH and CENGN pilot

EGI data centers in Italy (Catania) and France (Strasbourg), and CENGN data centers in Canada (Toronto, Ottawa, Waterloo) simultaneously ran the Distributed Computer worker agent.

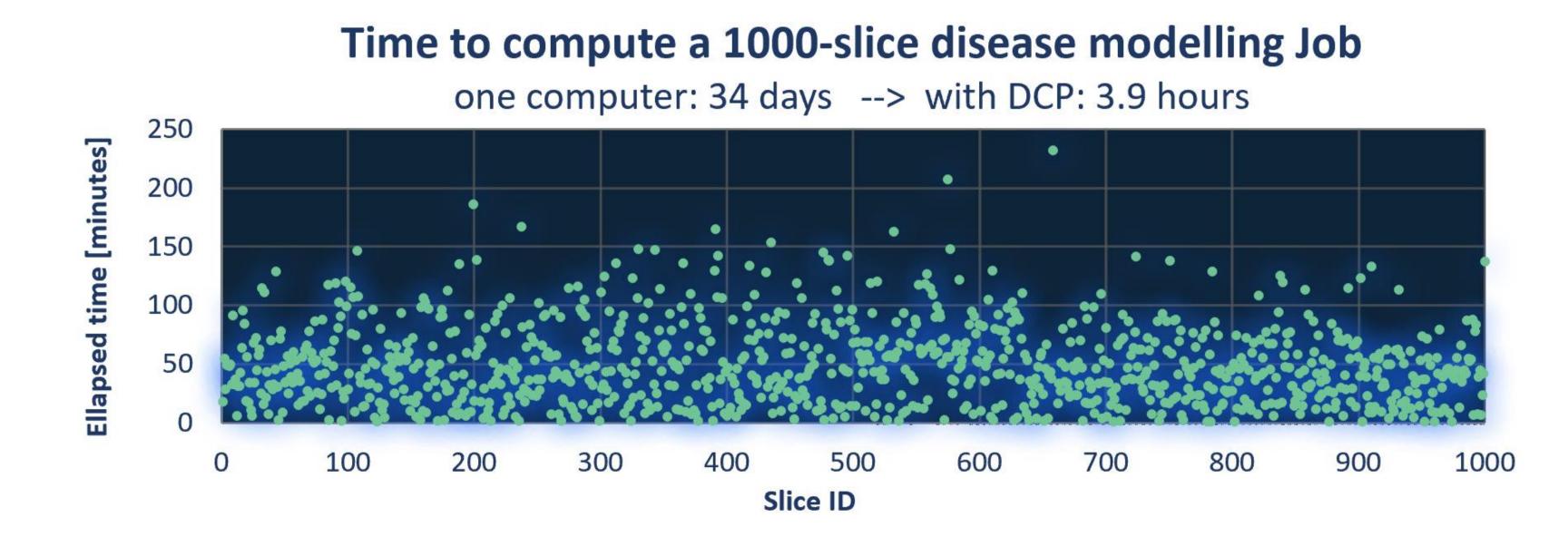


The workers accepted and executed research computing tasks (disease modelling and astrophysics), returned the results to the client application, and collected credits in their respective bank accounts.



Pilot performance

A disease modeling job trajmatch.apps.distributed.computer/
that would have taken 34 days on a single computer only took 3.9 hrs using the Distributed Computer on EOSC and CENGN



The Distributed.Computer

A web-based distributed computing framework with a built-in accounting system for cross-border and multi-agent resource consumption.





Individual institutions and federated infrastructures, such as EOSC and Compute Canada, can recapture and allocate underutilized resources via a credit-based accounting system that meters consumption of CPU, GPU, I/O and other such resources.

Multi-metric accounting system

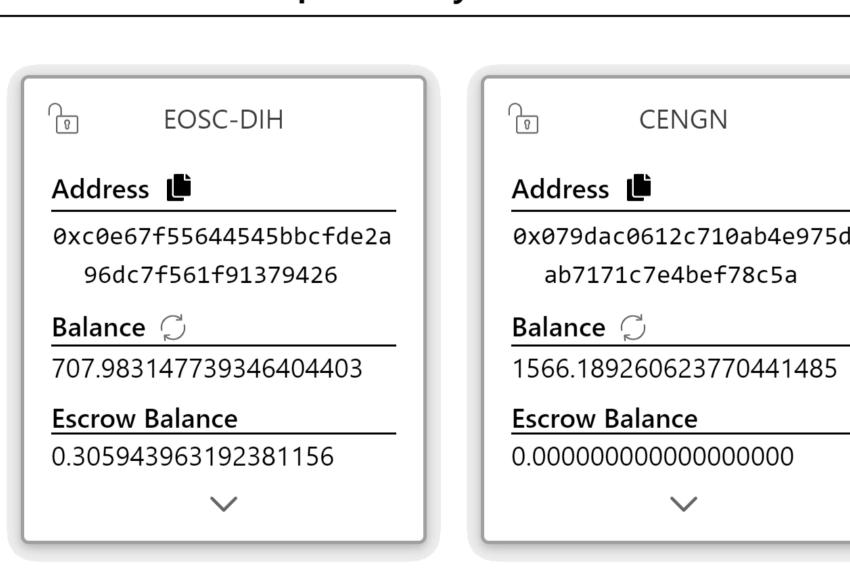
Computational workloads are dynamically characterized in terms of their consumption of CPU, GPU, I/O and other resources.

Credits are spent to deploy workloads.

Nodes earn credits when executing workloads.

Credit-based system for cross-border provision.

Distributed Computer Keystores



Demonstration

Client application:

dcp.mn/demo

Press COMPUTE to deploy

Worker nodes:

dcp.mn

Open on any number of devices and press START

More at:

portal.distributed.computer

